

SPECIFICATION OF ELECTRET CONDENSER MICROPHONE



MODEL NO. : (R)SOB-413S42-EM H/F DIRECTIVITY : OMNI-DIRECTIONAL

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* All Parts are Halogen Free Material.

405-817



SPECIFICATION HISTORY

History Change	Date	Item	Contents	Grounds
ISSUE From BSE To	2013.08.14	(R)SOB-413S42-EM H/F	1 st Submission of Microphone spec.	
	1.7			

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1. INTRODUCTION

This specification is for the SMD possible Electret Condenser Microphone(ECM) which has endurable reflow temperature of up to 250 °C for under 30 seconds.

2. MODEL NO.

(R)SOB-413S42-EM H/F

3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Temp. = 23 ± 2 ℃

Room Humidity = $65 \pm 5\%$

NO	Daramatar	Symbol	Condition	Limits			l lm it	
NO.	NO. Parameter		Symbol Condition		Center	Max.	UIIIL	
1	Sensitivity	S	f=1 ^{kHz} , S.P.L =1Pa, 0 ^{dB} =1V/Pa	-45	-42	-39	dB	
2	Output impedance	Z _{OUT}	f= 1kHz			2.2	kΩ	
3	Current Consumption	I _{DSS}	V_{CC} =2.0V , R _L = 2.2k Ω			300	μA	
4	Signal to Noise Ratio	S/N	f=1kHz, S.P.L =1Pa (A-Weighted Curve)	58			dB	
5	Decreasing Voltage	∆S-VS	V _{cc} =2.0V to 1.5V			-3	dB	
6	Operating Voltage			1.5		10	V	
7	Maximum input S.P.L.					110	dB	
8	Reflow Sensitivity test	R	After 3 times reflow	-45	-42	-39	dB	

4. MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



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5. TYPICAL FREQUENCY RESPONSE CURVE (FAR FIELD)

Far Field Measurement Condition Temperature : 23 ± 2 ℃ Bias Voltage : 2.0V (with 2.2kΩ series resistor) Acoustic stimulus : 1Pa (94dB SPL at 1kHz) at 50 cm from the loud-speaker. The loud-speaker must be calibrated to make a flat frequency response input signal

Position : The frequency response of microphone unit measured at 50 cm from the loud-speaker



6. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS



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7. RELIABILITY TEST

7.1 VIBRATION TEST

To be no interference in operation after vibrations. 10Hz to 55Hz for 1 minute full amplitude 1.52mm , for 2 hours at three axis

7.2 DROP TEST

To be no interference in operation after dropped to concrete floor each one time from 1 meter height at three directions in state of packing

7.3 TEMPERATURE TEST

- After exposure at 85 $^{\circ}$ C for 96 hours, sensitivity to be within $\pm 3^{dB}$ from initial sensitivity. (The measurement to be done after 2 hours of conditioning at room temperature)
- After exposure at -30 $^{\circ}$ C for 96 hours, sensitivity to be within \pm 3dB from initial sensitivity. (The measurement to be done after 2 hours of conditioning at room temperature)

7.4 HUMIDITY TEST

After exposure at 60 °C and 90 to 90% relative humidity for 96 hours, sensitivity to be within ± 3dB from initial sensitivity.

7.5 TEMPERATURE CYCLE TEST

After exposure at 25 °C for 2 hours, at 60 °C 90% for 4 hours, 2 hours, at 45 °C 95% for 12 hours, 2 hours, at 20 °C for 1 hour, at 25 °C for 1 hour. 5 cycles, sensitivity to be within $\pm 3^{dB}$ from initial sensitivity (The measurement to be done after 2 hours of conditioning at room temperature)

7.6 TEMPERATURE SHOCK

Temperature change from $-30 \degree$ C to $70 \degree$ C for 30 minutes . (changing time : 20 sec.) After 48 cycles, sensitivity to be within $\pm 3dB$ from initial sensitivity (The measurement to be done after 2 hours of conditioning at room temperature)

7.7 ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) TEST

The microphone under test must be discharged between each ESD exposure with ground. (contact : ± 8 kV, air : ± 15 kV \rightarrow IEC 61000-4-2) There is no interference in operation after 5 times exposure

8. TEMPERATURE CONDITIONS

8.1 STORAGE TEMPERATURE : -30 ℃ ~ +85 ℃

8.2 OPERATING TEMPERATURE : -30 ℃ ~ +85 ℃



9. MEASUREMENT SYSTEM



10. REFLOW PROFILE (Guaranteed Maximum Reflow Condition)



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11. CAUTIONS WITH USING SMD MICROPHONE

11-1 X-ray inspection

- X-ray inspection is possible only under the setting conditions with Voltage : 60~80kV, Current : 60~100 \mu A, Time : within 1min
- Don't do the REFLOW or REWORK process after X-ray inspection
- BUT, post-baking (at 105 $^\circ\!\!\!C$ for 2hrs) after X-ray inspection is recommended for stabilizing SMD microphone

11-2 Cleaning process

- Don't do the cleaning process with any kind of volatile solvent(Acetone, TCE, alcohol, etc.,), water, or detergent
 - → Possible only for the purpose of removing any dust or particle only with tissue or cotton tip without direct contact to the microphone
- 11-3 Router process on Printed Circuit Board after reflow
- It's possible to affect the acoustic properties of SMD microphone, when any particle gets into the SMD microphone inside through sound holes



12.1 TAPING SPECIFICATION



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12.2 Recommended Metal Mask(Stencil Design) and Land Pattern



E BEST SOUND ELECTRONICS

12.3 Test Board Layout

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13. REWORK

- 13.1 Rework Machine
 - 13.1.1 Rework Machine

Manufacturer		Meisho	
Model		MS9000S	
Temperature control		6 zones	
	Tuno	Hot air flow	
Тор	туре	N2 gas (recommended)	
heater	Flow rate	≤ 20(30) ℓ /min	
Bottom heater		150 ℃~200 ℃ (IR heater)	
Alignment		vision	
Pick-up nozzle		≤ Φ0.5 mm	
Solder/flux		 Removing or pre-heating the solder residue before mounting new part Apply lead-free flux only or apply 2 ~ 3 points of solder paste instead 	

* Note : It's possible to use the 'hot air gun' for SMD mic. rework, but it might affect to microphone characteristics depending on rework conditions.

13.1.2 Setting Condition

① Setting Condition I

Timo	Temperature(℃)		
Time	setting	Real	
0		50	
10		95	
20	450	148	
30		186	
40		216	
45		229	
50		234	
60	cooling	220	
70		200	
80		180	
85		172	

	Setting 조건		
Tomporatura	Тор	450	
remperature	bottom	420	
Time	45 sec		
cooling 40 sec		0 sec	
Air flow rate	rate 20ℓ/min		

Recommended Rework Profile

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② Setting Condition II

250

Timo	Temperature(℃)		
Time	setting	Real	
0		49	
10		77	
20	450	142	
30		188	
40		232	
45		234	
50	cooling	223	
60		199	
70		175	
80		156	

	Setting Condition		
Tomporatura	Тор	450	
remperature	bottom	450	
Time	40 sec		
cooling	40 sec		
Air flow rate	30ℓ/min		

Recommended Rework Profile

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13 .1.3 Rework Process Condition (using 'Rework Machine')

Bottom heater	IR heater is the best option		
Alignment	Using a vision equipment to do alignment easily and precisely		
Pick-up nozzle	Pick up the center of the SMD microphone using a nozzle with less than 0.5 mm in diameter. If the whole nozzle fixture can cover the front side $nozzle \rightarrow 0.5 mm$ of the SMD microphone like the picture on left, mic mic solution with the solution of the safe rework.		
	 Removing the solder residue before mounting new part print lead-free solder paste on the SMD mic terminals using mask → mounting 		
Solder/flux Process Options	 2-1. Pre-heating the solder residue before mounting new part apply lead-free flux onto the land pattern (halogen-free flux : ALPHA Solids 26F FLUX by Alpha Metal Co. Ltd.,) 		
	 2-2. Pre-heating the solder residue before mounting new part apply 2 ~ 3 points of lead-free solder paste onto the land pattern 		
	 After removing damaged part, apply lead-free flux or 2~3 points of lead-free solder paste onto the land pattern 		

- 13 .2 Heater Gun (1)
 - 13.2.1 Heater Gun Specification

Manufacturer		Quick Korea
Model		990D ESD
Temperature control		PID control
Тор	Туре	Hot air flow
heater	Flow rate	< 20 ℓ /min
Alignment		visual
F	Pick-up	Manual
Solder/flux		 Removing or pre-heating the solder residue before mounting new part Apply load free flux only or apply
		$2 \sim 3$ points of solder paste instead

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13.2.2 Setting Condition

No 01. It'll be the safest rework condition, when 'rework' time is set as same period as 'removal'. Please check out the 'removal' time first, then 'rework' will be finished within 'removal' time + 5 sec.

No 02. It might be impossible to be done properly with this rework setting condition according to the main board specification. In this case, one possible way is search for the 'removal' time with same condition first, then set the 'rework' time as 'removal' time + 5sec. It's important to find out the way to shorten work period to maintain the original property by controlling setting temperature and air flow.

* Note : The guaranteed sensitivity deviation after rework with this temperature condition is within ±2.0 dB.

13 .2 .:	8 Rework	Process	Condition	(using	'Heater	Gun (1)′)
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Bottom heater	IR heater is the best option		
Alignment	Visual		
Temperature	330 ℃		
Time	20 \sim 25 Seconds		
Nozzle	No additional nozzle is needed		
Solder/flux Process Options	 Removing the solder residue before mounting new part print lead-free solder paste on the SMD mic terminals using mask → mounting 		
	 2-1. Pre-heating the solder residue before mounting new part apply lead-free flux onto the land pattern (halogen-free flux : ALPHA Solids 26F FLUX by Alpha Metal Co. Ltd.,) 		
	 2-2. Pre-heating the solder residue before mounting new part apply 2 ~ 3 points of lead-free solder paste onto the land pattern 		
	 After removing damaged part, apply lead-free flux or 2~3 points of lead-free solder paste onto the land pattern 		

13 .3 Heater Gun (2)

13.3.1 Heater Gun Specification

Manufacturer		НАККО		
Model		850B ESD		
Temperature control		100 ~ 420		
Top heater	Туре	Hot air flow		
	Flow rate	< 23 ℓ /min		
Alignment		visual		
Pick-up		Manual		
Calden/flux		1. Removing or pre-heating the solder residue before mounting new part		
50	idel/liux	2. Apply lead-free flux only or apply		
		2 ~ 3 points of solder paste instead		

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13.3.2 Setting Condition

No 01. It'll be the safest rework condition, when 'rework' time is set as same period as 'removal'. Please check out the 'removal' time first, then 'rework' will be finished within 'removal' time + 5 sec.

rework

15~25 sec

No 02. It might be impossible to be done properly with this rework setting condition according to the main board specification. In this case, one possible way is search for the 'removal' time with same condition first, then set the 'rework' time as 'removal' time + 5sec. It's important to find out the way to shorten work period to maintain the original property by controlling setting temperature and air flow.

* Note : The guaranteed sensitivity deviation after rework with this temperature condition is within ± 2.0 dB.

Period

13	.3	.3	Rework	Process	Condition	(using	'Heater	Gun (2)')
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Bottom heater	IR heater is the best option			
Alignment	Visual.			
Temperature	330 ℃			
Time	20 \sim 25 Seconds			
Nozzle	No additional nozzle is needed			
	 Removing the solder residue before mounting new part print lead-free solder paste on the SMD mic terminals using mask → mounting 			
Solder/flux Process	 2-1. Pre-heating the solder residue before mounting new part apply lead-free flux onto the land pattern (halogen-free flux : ALPHA Solids 26F FLUX by Alpha Metal Co. Ltd.,) 			
Options	 2-2. Pre-heating the solder residue before mounting new part apply 2 ~ 3 points of lead-free solder paste onto the land pattern 			
	3. After removing damaged part, apply lead-free flux or 2~3 points of lead-free solder paste onto the land pattern			

14. MICROPHONE PCB DRAWING

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